
ComponentOne

SuperTooltip for WinForms

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SuperTooltip for WinForms Overview

SuperTooltip for WinForms allows you to create visually rich WinForms applications with Vista-style ToolTips and labels that can display HTML content. **SuperTooltip for WinForms** loads and displays HTML content much faster than its standard counterparts and without the security concerns often associated with the WebBrowser control since it doesn't depend on Internet Explorer.

SuperTooltip for WinForms supports virtually all HTML constructs, including cascading style sheets, mixed fonts and text colors, preformatted text, tables, bulleted and numbered lists, and more. With **SuperTooltip for WinForms**, the possibilities for your customized ToolTips and labels are endless.

Help with WinForms Edition

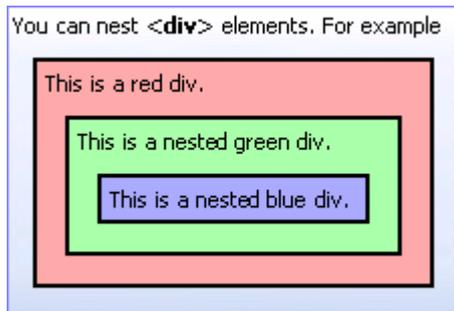
Getting Started

For information on installing **ComponentOne Studio WinForms Edition**, licensing, technical support, namespaces and creating a project with the control, please visit [Getting Started with WinForms Edition](#).

Key Features

You can use **SuperTooltip for WinForms** to create the following items within the [C1SuperTooltip](#), [C1SuperLabel](#), and [C1SuperErrorProvider](#) components in your application:

- **Nested <div> elements**



- **Mixed fonts and text colors using tags**

Use spans to mix different fonts in a paragraph and change text colors. For example, this is 10pt Times New Roman, and it is red. And this is 12pt Verdana, and it is green.

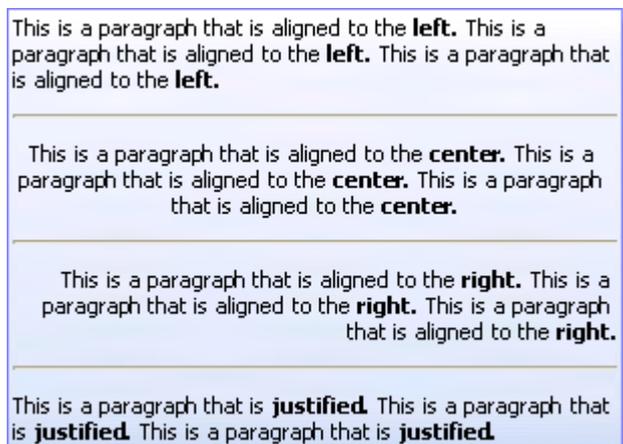
- **Preformatted text using the <pre> tags**

Html tooltips are great for showing quick samples. You can format the code with `<pre>` tags and give it a background and indentation:

```
string tipText = "Hello <b>World</b>";  
C1SuperTooltip.SetToolTip(control, tipText);
```

That would create a tooltip with a bold word in it.

- **Paragraph alignment**



- **Formatted tables, nested tables and spanning rows and columns**

Tables

Here's a table with some sales numbers:

This cell spans three rows.	Semester 1					
	Quarter 1			Quarter 2		
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
Widgets	12	23	23	43	23	34
Sprockets	45	32	23	23	34	43
Gaskets	45	55	53	34	45	78
Doodads	23	3	3	11	23	3

- **Nested, bulleted and numbered lists**

Here's a list of the main features:

1. Lists
 - Nested lists
 - Numbered and bullet lists
2. Tables
3. Images
4. Inline styles
5. Cascading style sheets

- **Images loaded from the application resources**

Here's a table with some images in it:

 This is the icon in the <code>newToolStripMenuItem</code> .
 This is the icon in the <code>openToolStripMenuItem</code> .
 This is the icon in the <code>saveToolStripMenuItem</code> .

- **Richly formatted HTML error messages**



The screenshot shows a text input field with a red error icon. A tooltip is displayed over the field with the following text:

Invalid Country
The **Country** field is required. We need it in order to ship the product.

- **Plain text and cascading style sheets**

SuperTooltip for WinForms Quick Start

This quick start guide explains how to add two Microsoft Vista-style **C1SuperTooltips** and a **C1SuperLabel** control to your form.

Step 1 of 4: Adding a C1SuperLabel to a Project

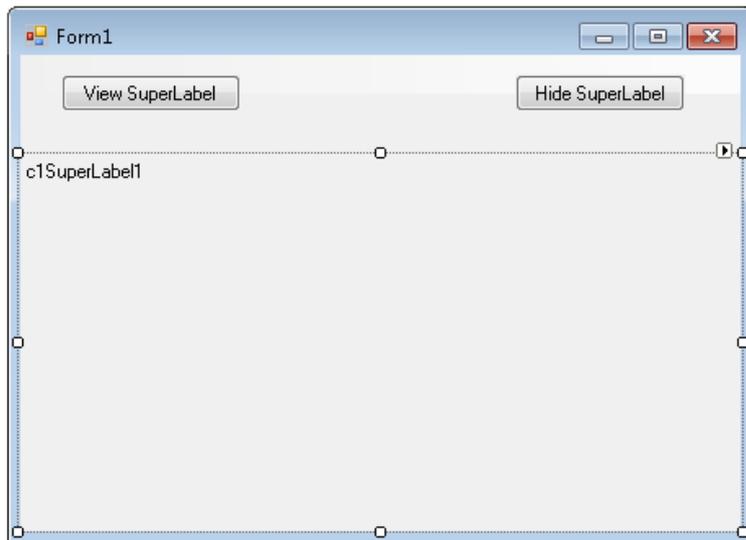
Start by adding a **C1SuperLabel** control to your project and adding some HTML code for it.

To add a C1SuperLabel to a project, complete the following steps:

1. Create a new .NET project and add two button controls to the form.



2. Right-click the **Button1** control and select **Properties** to view the Properties window.
3. Enter "View C1SuperLabel" next to the **Text** property and resize the button so the text is visible.
4. Select **Button2** and enter "Hide C1SuperLabel" next to its **Text** property. Resize the button so the text is visible.
5. Add the SuperTooltip for WinForms components to the Toolbox.
6. Double-click the C1SuperLabel control in the Toolbox to add it to your form so it looks like the following:



7. Click the **ellipsis** button next to C1SuperLabel's **Text** property in the Properties window. The **C1SuperLabel Editor** appears.
8. [Click here for the HTML code to add in the text box.](#)

These are just some of the things you can show using `C1SuperTooltip`:

```
<ol>
  <li>Lists:</li>
  <ul>
    <li>Nested lists</li>
    <li>Numbered and bulleted lists</li>
  </ul>
  <li>Tables:<p>Here's a table with some sales numbers:</p>
  <table border='1' bordercolor='black' cellpadding='2' cellspacing='0' style='border:solid 1 black;'>
    <tr bgcolor='LightSteelBlue'>
```

```
<th style="width:150px; text-align: center;" rowspan='3'>
    <p>This cell spans<br />three rows.</p></th>
<th align='center' colspan='6'>Semester 1</th>
</tr>
<tr bgcolor='LightSteelBlue'>
    <th align='center' colspan='3'>Quarter 1</th>
    <th align='center' colspan='3'>Quarter 2</th>
</tr>

<tr bgcolor='LightSteelBlue'>
    <td align='center'>Jan</td>
    <td align='center'>Feb</td>
    <td align='center'>Mar</td>
    <td align='center'>Apr</td>
    <td align='center'>May</td>
    <td align='center'>Jun</td>
</tr>
<tr>
    <td align='right' style='width: 150px'><strong>Widgets</strong></td>
    <td>12</td>
    <td>23</td>
    <td>23</td>
    <td>43</td>
    <td>23</td>
    <td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
    <td align='right' style='width: 150px'><strong>Sprockets</strong></td>
    <td>45</td>
    <td>32</td>
    <td>23</td>
    <td>23</td>
    <td>34</td>
    <td>43</td>
</tr>
</table>
</li>
<li>Images: The background of this C1SuperLabel is an image. </li>
<li>Borders:<p style='border: #336633 thick'>Here's a thick border.</p>
```

```

</li>

<li>Preformatted Text:

    <pre style="background-color:#d9d9d9; margin:0 20pt 0 20pt;">
string tipText = "Hello <b>World</b>";
<b>C1SuperTooltip</b>.SetToolTip(control, tipText);
</pre>
</li>

<li>Nesting:

    <div style="background-color:#ffa5a5;border:solid thin black;margin:10px;padding:4px">

        This is a red div.

        <div style="background-color:#aaffaa;border:solid thin black;margin:10px;padding:4px">

            This is a nested green div.

            <div style="background-color:#aaffff;border:solid thin black;margin:10px;padding:4px">

                This is a nested blue div.

            </div>

        </div>

    </div>

</li>

</ol>

```

9. In the Properties window, click the drop-down arrow next to the **BackColor** property, select the **Web** tab, and select **White**.
10. Add an image to the C1SuperLabel control:
 - o Click the **ellipsis** button next to the **BackgroundImage** property. The **Select Resource** dialog box appears.
 - o Select **Local resource** and click the **Import** button. The **Open** dialog box appears.
 - o Locate and select the **TipBackground.png** or another graphic of your choice and then click **Open**. The TipBackground.png image is installed, by default, with the SuperTooltip for WinForms samples and is located in **Documents\ComponentOne Samples\WinForms**.
 - o Click **OK**.
11. Click the drop-down arrow next to the **BackgroundImageLayout** property and select **Stretch**.
12. Set the **Visible** property to **False**.

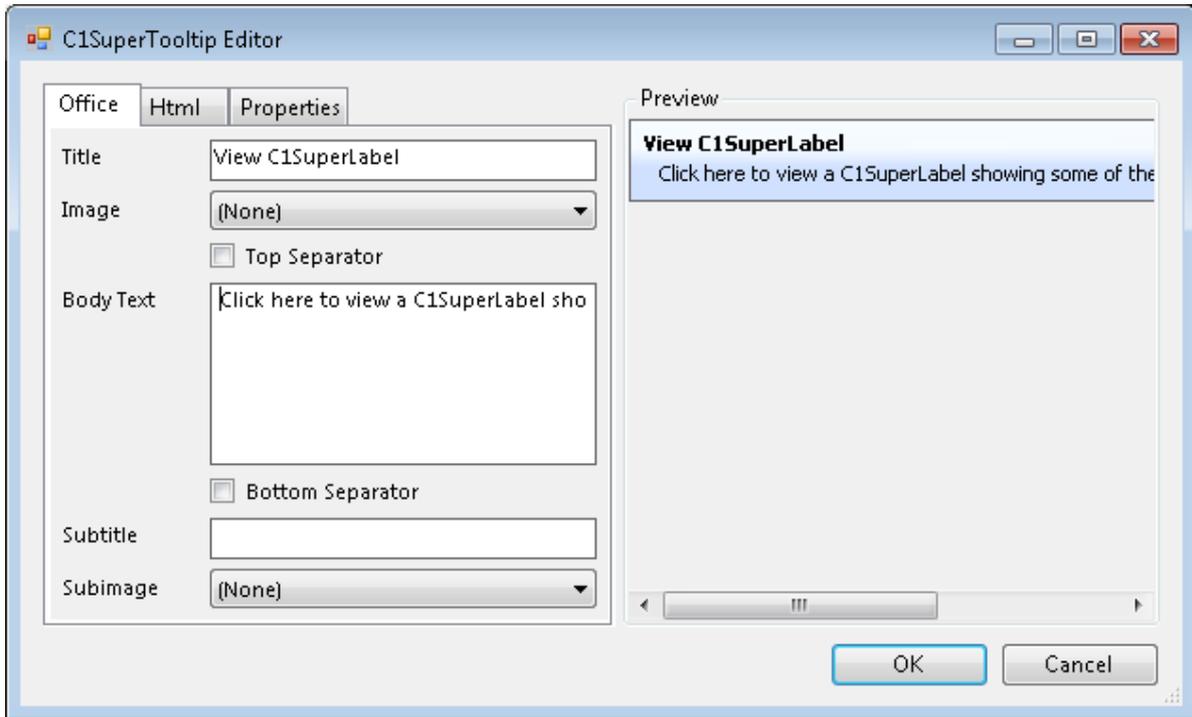
Step 2 of 4: Creating a Vista-style C1SuperTooltip for a Control

Next, create a Microsoft Vista-style **C1SuperTooltip** using the **Office** tab in the **C1SuperTooltip Editor**. To do this, complete the following steps:

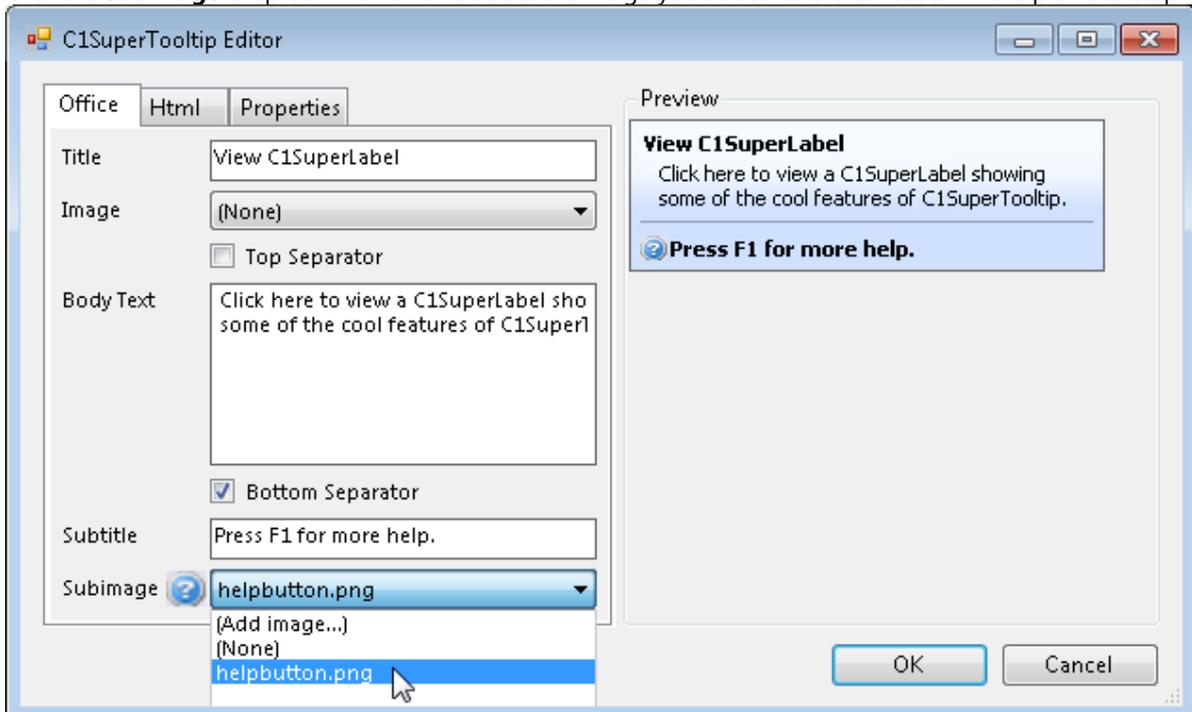
1. Double-click the C1SuperTooltip control in the Toolbox to add it to your form.
2. First, we will add an image to the Tooltip's image collection. We are using a small Help graphic to be used as the Subimage in our Tooltip.
 - a. Select **C1SuperTooltip1** and click the **ellipsis** button next to the **Images** property in the Properties window. The **Edit Image Collection** editor appears.
 - b. Click the **Add** button, and find and select the desired image file.
 - c. Once the image is added to the collection, click **OK**. We will specify this image in the Tooltip a little later.
3. Right-click the **Button1** control and select **Properties** to view the Properties window.
4. Click the **ellipsis** button next to the **ToolTip on C1SuperTooltip1** property and the **C1SuperTooltip Editor** appears.
5. On the **Office** tab, enter **View C1SuperLabel** in the **Title** text box.
6. Enter the following text in the **Body Text** text box:

Click here to view a C1SuperLabel showing some of the cool features of C1SuperTooltip.

Notice a preview of the C1SuperTooltip appears in the **Preview** window.



7. To make the ToolTip appear on multiple lines, place the cursor after the word *showing* in the **Body Text** and press **ENTER**.
8. You can also format the body text from within the **Office** tab. Select and right-click **C1SuperLabel**, and then choose **Bold** from the context menu or click Ctrl+B on the keyboard. Do the same for **C1SuperTooltip**.
9. Check the **Bottom Separator** check box.
10. Enter the following text in the **Subtitle** text box:
Press F1 for more help.
11. Click the **Subimage** drop-down arrow and select the image you added to the collection in the previous step 2.



Note that C1SuperTooltip automatically creates the HTML used to format your ToolTip so you don't have to. To view the HTML code, click the **Html** tab. We will create a ToolTip using only HTML code in the **Creating a C1SuperTooltip with HTML Code** topic of this quick start.

12. Click the **Properties** tab in the editor.
13. Click the drop-down arrow next to the **BackgroundGradient** property and choose **Vista**. The background and layout of the ToolTip now have the Microsoft Vista ToolTip style.
14. Click **OK** to close the **C1SuperTooltip Editor**.

Step 3 of 4: Creating a C1SuperTooltip with HTML Code

Then create a **C1SuperTooltip** in the **C1SuperTooltip Editor** using only HTML code. Complete the following steps:

1. Select the **Button2** control.
2. Click the **ellipsis** button next to the **ToolTip on C1SuperTooltip1** property to open the **C1SuperTooltip Editor**.
3. Click the **Html** tab and enter the following HTML markup:

```
<table><tr>
  <parm></parm>

  <th><parm>Hide C1SuperLabel</parm></th>
</table>

<parm></parm>

<div style='margin:1 12'><parm>
  Click here to hide the <b>C1SuperLabel</b><br>once you are done viewing it.
</parm></div>

<parm><hr noshade size=1 style='margin:2' color=Darker></parm>

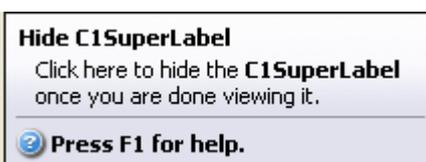
<table><tr>

  <th><parm><img src='HelpButton.png'></parm></th>

  <th><parm>Press F1 for help.</parm></th>

</table>
```

4. Click **OK** to close the **C1SuperTooltip Editor**. Note that the ToolTip will appear similar to the following:



Step 4 of 4: Adding Code for the Buttons and Running the Project

Once you have created the **C1SuperLabel** and **C1SuperTooltips**, you can add code for the buttons on the form and run the project. To do this, complete the following steps:

1. Double-click **Button1** and add the following code to the **Button1_Click** event:

To write code in Visual Basic

```
Visual Basic  
C1SuperLabel1.Visible = True
```

To write code in C#

```
C#  
c1SuperLabel1.Visible = true;
```

2. Double-click **Button2** and add the following code to the **Button2_Click** event:

To write code in Visual Basic

```
Visual Basic  
C1SuperLabel1.Visible = False
```

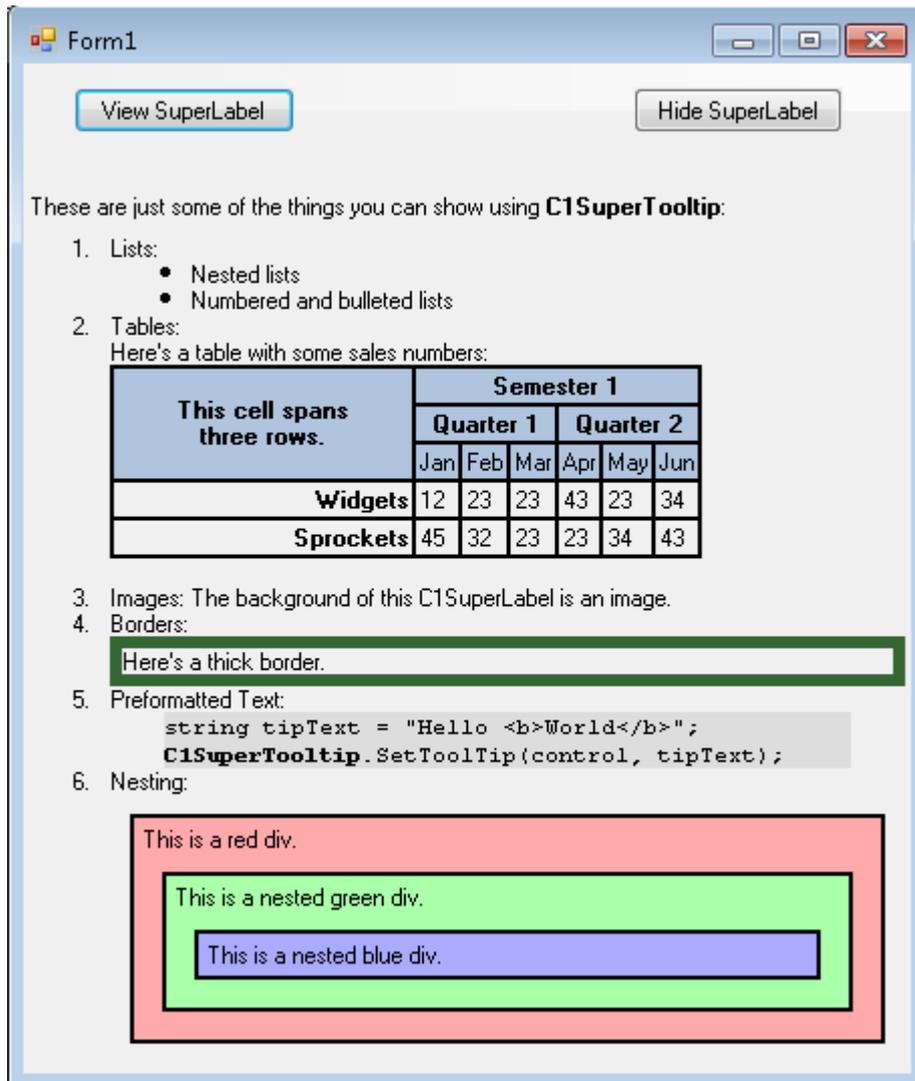
To write code in C#

```
C#  
c1SuperLabel1.Visible = False;
```

3. Run the project and mouse over **Button1**. Notice the ToolTip is a Vista-style **C1SuperTooltip**:



4. Click **View C1SuperLabel**. The C1SuperLabel appears.



5. Mouse over **Button2**. The Vista-style C1SuperTooltip looks like this:



The text in the Tooltip for **Button2** was applied through HTML markup, but you will notice the C1SuperTooltip **Vista** background style appears in both ToolTips. Any properties you set via the **C1SuperTooltip Editor** will be the same in all ToolTips for controls associated with that C1SuperTooltip.

6. Click **Hide C1SuperLabel**, and the C1SuperLabel is hidden.

SuperTooltip for WinForms Top Tips

The following tips were compiled from frequently asked user questions posted in the [Studio for ASP.NET forum](#).

Tip 1: Use Visual Studio to create the HTML that goes into the super tooltips.

The [C1SuperTooltip](#) has a designer that makes it easy to create standard Office 2007-style tooltips with images, headers, and footers.

But you have a lot more flexibility than that. The [C1SuperTooltip](#) has a powerful HTML parser, so you can use it to display virtually any HTML you want. For example, you can create HTML content in Visual Studio (**File | New | File... | HTML Page**), with style sheets, lists, tables, and so on, and use that as your tooltip contents. Just paste the resulting HTML into the "Tooltip on [c1SuperTooltip](#)" extender property for any control.

See [Adding a C1SuperTooltip using HTML](#) for an example.

Tip 2: Use the `MaximumWidth` property to make the tooltip content wrap.

By default, the [C1SuperTooltip](#) will break lines only at the end of paragraphs or at explicit line breaks. By setting the [MaximumWidth](#) property, you can have the content wrap automatically, which makes maintaining the content much easier.



Note: [C1SuperTooltip](#) now supports word wrapping for Eastern languages, including Japanese, Chinese, and Korean.

Tip 3: Use the `Images` collection to add images to the [C1SuperTooltip](#) and [C1SuperLabel](#).

Both the [C1SuperTooltip](#) and [C1SuperLabel](#) have an **Images** property that you can use to define a list of images that you want to display in the controls. Simply add as many images as you want to the **Images** collection, and then refer to the images in your HTML content by using `IMG` tags with a "res://" qualifier. For example, if you add an image called "MyBitmap.png" to the **Images** collection, you can use it in your HTML text as follows:

```
<img src= "res://mybitmap.png" />
```

See [Adding an Image to C1SuperTooltip](#) and [Adding an Image to C1SuperLabel](#) for examples.

Tip 4: Use the `Opacity` property to provide see-through tips.

The [C1SuperTooltip](#) has an [Opacity](#) property that takes a value between zero (transparent) and one (solid). By setting the `Opacity` property to 0.5 for example, you can provide tooltips that allow users to see the content underneath the tip. This can be especially useful if the tooltips are large.

Tip 5: Use the `IsBalloon` and `BackgroundGradient` properties to provide tips that stand out.

In addition to the rich HTML rendering, the `C1SuperToolTip` has several properties that allow you to customize the appearance of the tooltips themselves. The [IsBalloon](#) and [BackgroundGradient](#) properties for example are very easy to use and allow you to provide tooltips that really stand out.

See [C1SuperToolTip Background Gradient](#) and [C1SuperToolTip Shape](#) for more information on these properties.

Design-Time Support

SuperTooltip for WinForms provides visual editing to make it easier to create a Tooltip. The following sections describe how to use **C1SuperTooltip's** design-time environment to configure the **SuperTooltip for WinForms** controls:

Tasks Menu

A smart tag represents a short-cut tasks menu that provides the most commonly used properties in each control. You can invoke each control's tasks menu by clicking on the smart tag (📌) in the upper-right corner of the control. For more information, see [C1SuperTooltip Menus](#).

Context Menus

You can also access some of the short-cuts found in the tasks menu through each control's context menu. You can invoke each control's context menu by right-clicking on the control.

Properties Window

You can also easily configure [C1SuperTooltip](#) at design time using the **Properties** window in Visual Studio. You can access the **Properties** window by right-clicking the control and selecting **Properties**.

Editors

You can also quickly configure [C1SuperTooltip](#) at design time using the [C1SuperTooltip Editors](#). You can access the Editors through the **Properties** window. For more information, see [C1SuperTooltip Editors](#).

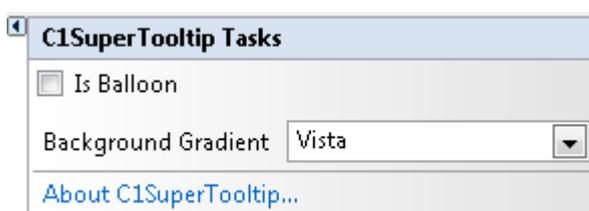
C1SuperTooltip Menus

The following sections describe how to use **C1SuperTooltip's** tasks and context menus to configure the **SuperTooltip for WinForms** controls.

C1SuperTooltip Tasks and Context Menus

C1SuperTooltip Tasks Menu

To access the **C1SuperTooltip Tasks** menu, click the smart tag in the upper-right corner of the [C1SuperTooltip](#) control. The **C1SuperTooltip Tasks** menu appears. You can set the [IsBalloon](#) and [BackgroundGradient](#) properties through the **C1SuperTooltip Tasks** menu.



- **Is Balloon**
Check this checkbox if you want the ToolTip to appear within a balloon shape rather than in a rectangular box.
- **Background Gradient**
Specifies the background gradient for the ToolTip. You can choose **Automatic** (current system Visual Style), **Blue**, **Gold**, **None**, **Olive**, **Silver** or **Vista** (Microsoft Vista style).
- **About C1SuperTooltip**
Displays the **About C1SuperTooltip** dialog box containing the version number, along with licensing, registration and purchasing information, and additional online resources.

C1SuperTooltip Context Menu

To access C1SuperTooltip's context menu, right-click the C1SuperTooltip component. The **C1SuperTooltip** context menu appears.

C1SuperLabel Tasks and Context Menus

C1SuperLabel Tasks Menu

To access the **C1SuperLabel Tasks** menu, click the smart tag in the upper-right corner of the [C1SuperLabel](#) control. The **C1Label Tasks** menu appears. By clicking **Edit label** you can open the **C1SuperLabel Editor**.



- **About C1SuperLabel**
Displays the **About C1SuperTooltip** dialog box containing the version number, along with licensing, registration and purchasing information, and additional online resources.
- **Edit label**
Opens the **C1SuperLabel Editor** so you can begin adding HTML code to create a C1SuperLabel.

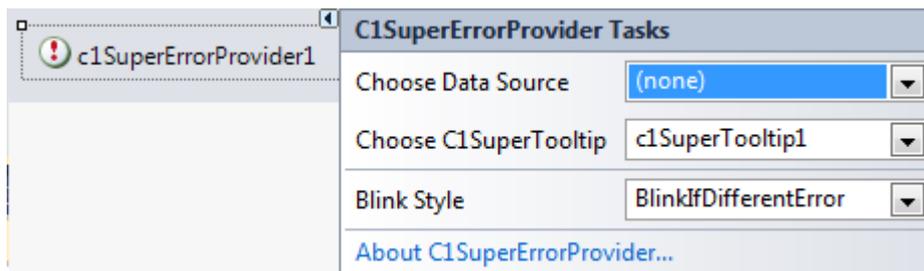
C1SuperTooltip Context Menu

To access **C1SuperTooltip's** context menu, right-click on the [C1SuperTooltip](#) component. The C1SuperTooltip context menu appears. By selecting **Edit label** you can open the **C1SuperLabel Editor**.

C1SuperErrorProvider Tasks and Context Menus

C1SuperErrorProvider Tasks Menu

To access the **C1SuperErrorProvider Tasks** menu, click the smart tag in the upper-right corner of the [C1SuperErrorProvider](#) control. The **C1SuperErrorProvider Tasks** menu appears.



- **Choose Data Source**
Use this drop-down to select a data source that you can attach to a control and that you want to monitor for errors.
- **Choose C1SuperTooltip**
Click this drop-down and select a [C1SuperTooltip](#) to associate it with the error provider component. The C1SuperTooltip will be used for displaying the error description text. It must be set in order for the error message to appear when the mouse pointer hovers the error icon, although it can be blank. If it is blank, the error icon won't have the associated tool tip.
- **Blink Style**
Select the way you would like the default error message icon to appear: **BlinkIfDifferentError**, **AlwaysBlink**, or **NeverBlink**.
- **About C1SuperErrorProvider**
Displays the **About C1SuperTooltip** dialog box containing the version number, along with licensing, registration and purchasing information, and additional online resources.

C1SuperErrorProvider Context Menu

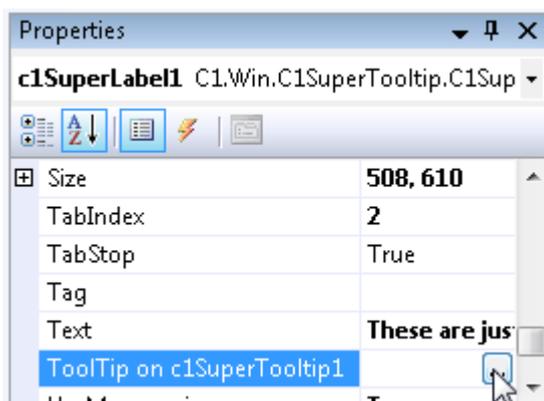
To access C1SuperErrorProviders context menu, right-click the C1SuperErrorProvider component. The C1SuperErrorProvider context menu appears.

C1SuperTooltip Editors

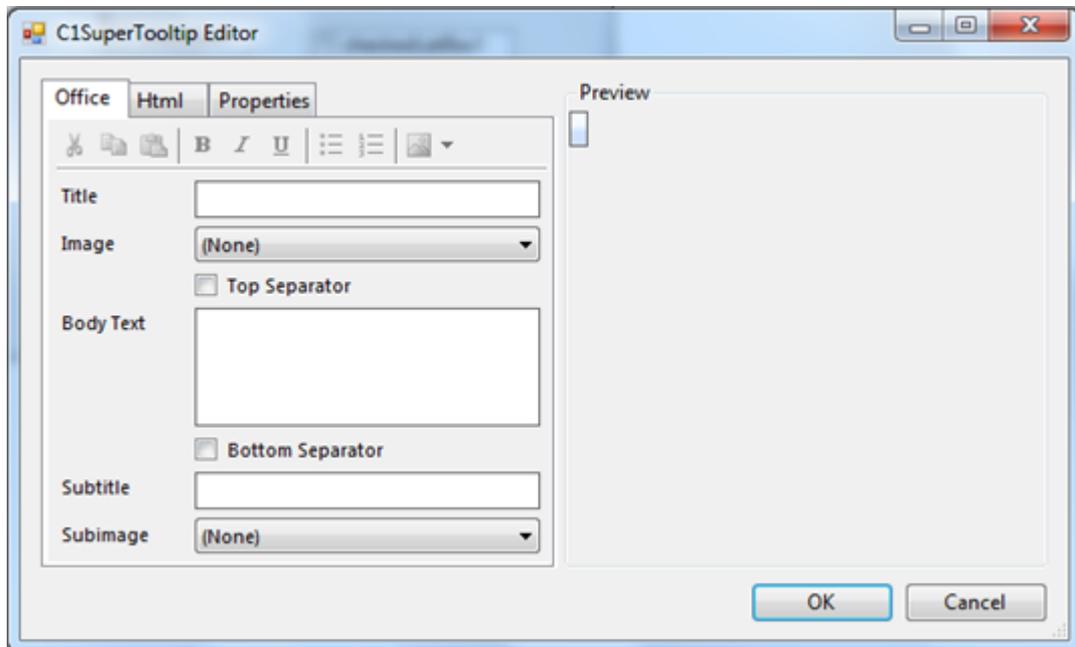
The following sections describe how to use **C1SuperTooltip's** Editors to configure the **C1SuperTooltip** controls.

C1SuperTooltip Editor

To access the **C1SuperTooltip Editor**, access the Properties window for the control that will contain the ToolTip and select the **ellipsis** button next to **ToolTip on C1SuperTooltip1**, as in the image below. The **C1SuperTooltip Editor** appears.



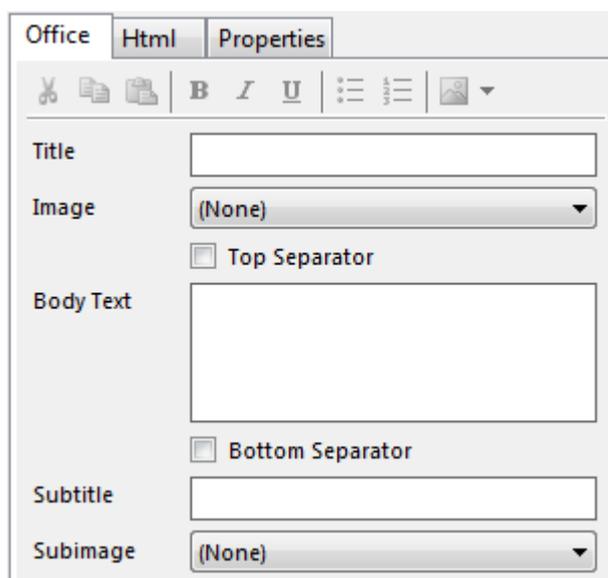
The **C1SuperTooltip Editor** consists of a tabbed design pane on the left, where you can change the appearance and content of the Tooltip, and a preview pane on the right, where you can view changes that have been made to the Tooltip.



At design time, there are two ways you can create the content of a Tooltip: using the **Office** tab or using **Html** tab to manually enter your own HTML code. You can use the **Properties** tab to change the Tooltip's appearance and behavior settings.

Office tab

In the **C1SuperTooltip Editor** you can use the **Office** tab to add images, a title, a subtitle, and the body text of the Tooltip. **C1SuperTooltip** automatically creates all of the HTML code behind the Tooltip, saving you time and work. The various elements in the **Office** tab allow you to quickly customize the content of your Tooltip, for example as in the image below.



Title

This is the text that appears at the top of the Tooltip; you can add HTML code to customize the appearance of the title text.

Image

This is the image that appears to the left of the Title. You can add an image by clicking the drop-down arrow and selecting **Add image**. Images that you have added using the [Edit Image Collection Editor](#) are listed and can be added to the Tooltip.

Top Separator

By checking this check box, you will add the top separator to the Tooltip. The top separator is a horizontal, dark grey rule that appears between the Tooltip's title and the body text.

Body Text

The body text is the main content of the Tooltip; you can add HTML to customize the appearance of the body text.

Bottom Separator

By checking this check box, you will add the bottom separator to the Tooltip. The bottom separator is a horizontal, dark grey rule that appears between the Tooltip's body text and subtitle text.

Subtitle

This is text that appears below the Tooltip's body text; you can add HTML code to customize the appearance of the subtitle text.

Subimage

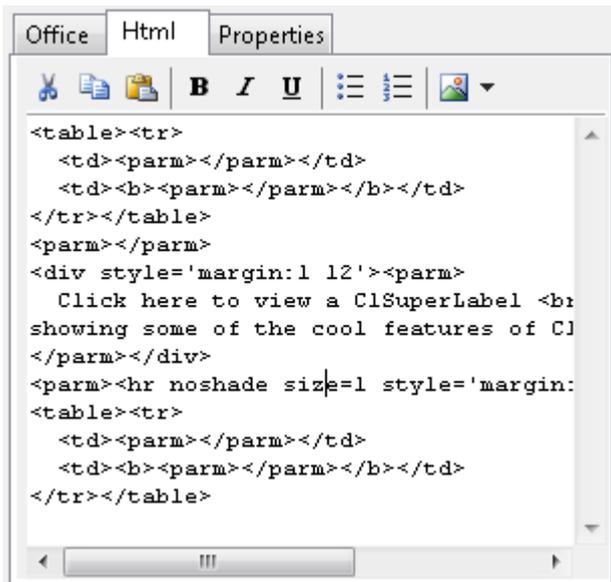
This is the image that appears to the left of the subtitle. You can add an image by clicking the drop-down arrow and selecting **Add image**. Images that you have added using the [Edit Image Collection Editor](#) are listed and can be added to the Tooltip.

For more information about creating a Tooltip using the **Office** tab, see the [Creating C1SuperTooltips at Design Time](#) topic.

Html tab

In the **Html** tab of the **C1SuperTooltip Editor** you can view and edit HTML code that reflects changes you have made in the **Office** tab. You can also use the **Html** tab to create a Tooltip by entering all of your own HTML code if you choose not to have the editor do it for you. By creating a Tooltip in the **Html** tab you have more control over each line of the Tooltip.

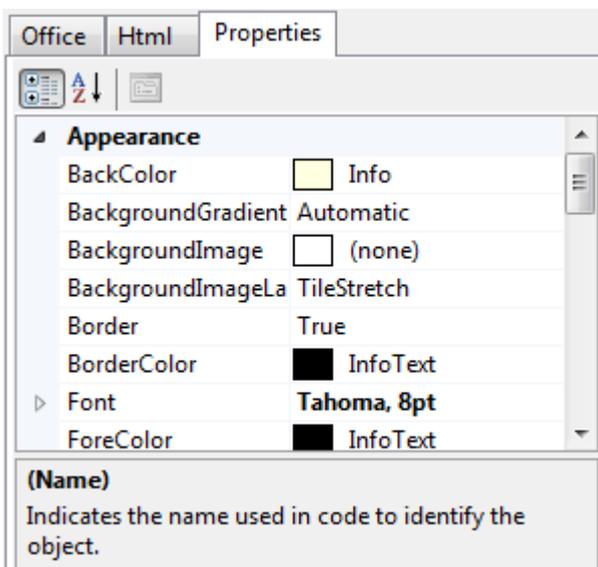
The **Html** tab provides a formatting toolstrip with the following buttons: **Cut**, **Copy**, **Paste**, **Bold**, **Italic**, **Underline**, **Bulleted List**, **Numbered List**, and **Insert Image**.



For more information about creating a ToolTip using the **Html** tab, see the [Adding a C1SuperTooltip using HTML](#) topic.

Properties tab

The **Properties** tab of the **C1SuperTooltip Editor** allows you to customize the overall appearance and behavior of the ToolTip, which will be applied to all controls associated with it. While the settings available in the **Properties** tab of the editor are the same as in the Properties window of the **C1SuperTooltip**, the advantage of the Properties tab is that you can quickly preview content and appearance changes in the [Preview pane](#).



For more information about changing ToolTip appearance and behavior settings using the **Properties** tab, see the [Changing the C1SuperTooltip Appearance and Behavior Settings](#) topic.

Preview pane

The **Preview** pane of the **C1SuperTooltip Editor** allows you to preview the ToolTip. The **Preview** pane appears on

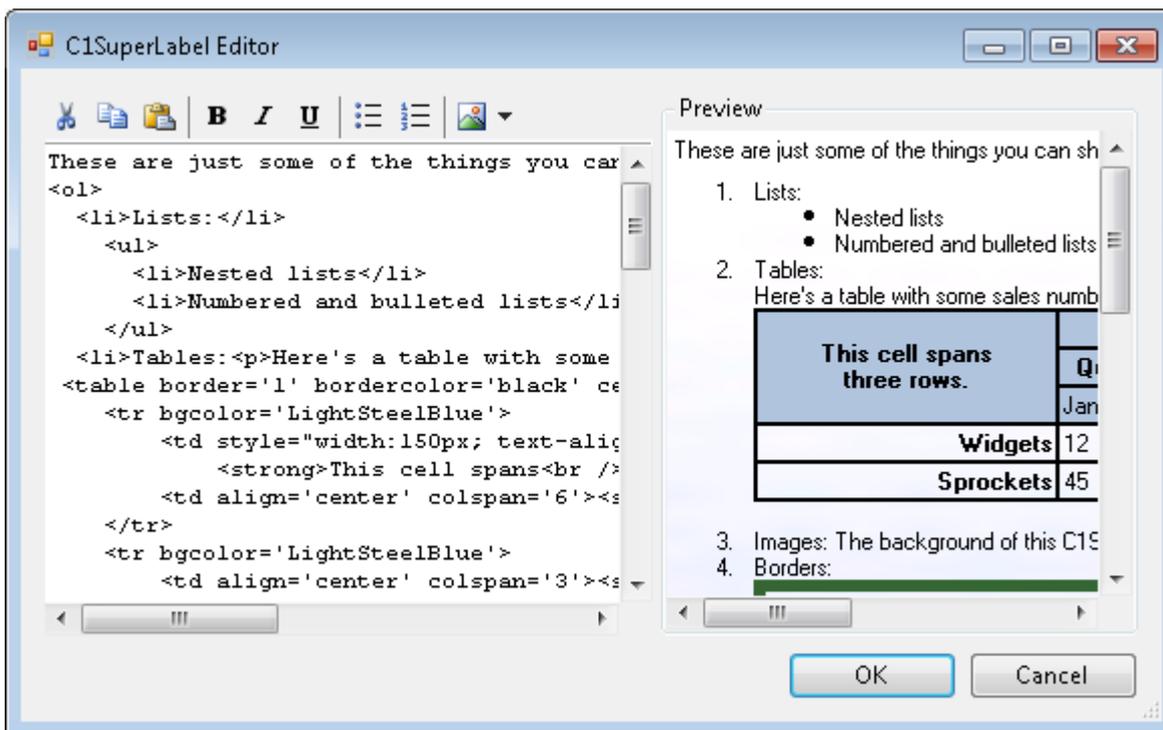
the right side of the **C1SuperToolTip Editor** and reflects any changes that you make to the ToolTip allowing you to more easily visualize and change the ToolTip's content and appearance.



C1SuperLabel Editor

To access the **C1SuperLabel Editor**, select **Edit label** from the **C1SuperLabel Tasks** menu. The **C1SuperLabel Editor** appears.

Using the **C1SuperLabel Editor**, you can control the content and appearance of the **C1SuperLabel**. You can enter text and HTML code in the left-side text area of the **C1SuperLabel Editor** and preview the content in the right-side preview area, as in the example below.



The **C1SuperLabel Editor** also provides a formatting toolstrip with the following buttons: **Cut**, **Copy**, **Paste**, **Bold**, **Italic**, **Underline**, **Bulleted List**, **Numbered List**, and **Insert Image**.

Edit Image Collection Editor

You can add images to be used in the **C1SuperToolTip** components through the **Edit Image Collection** editor. You can access the **Edit Image Collection** editor through the Properties window of the **C1SuperToolTip** component and the **C1SuperLabel** control.

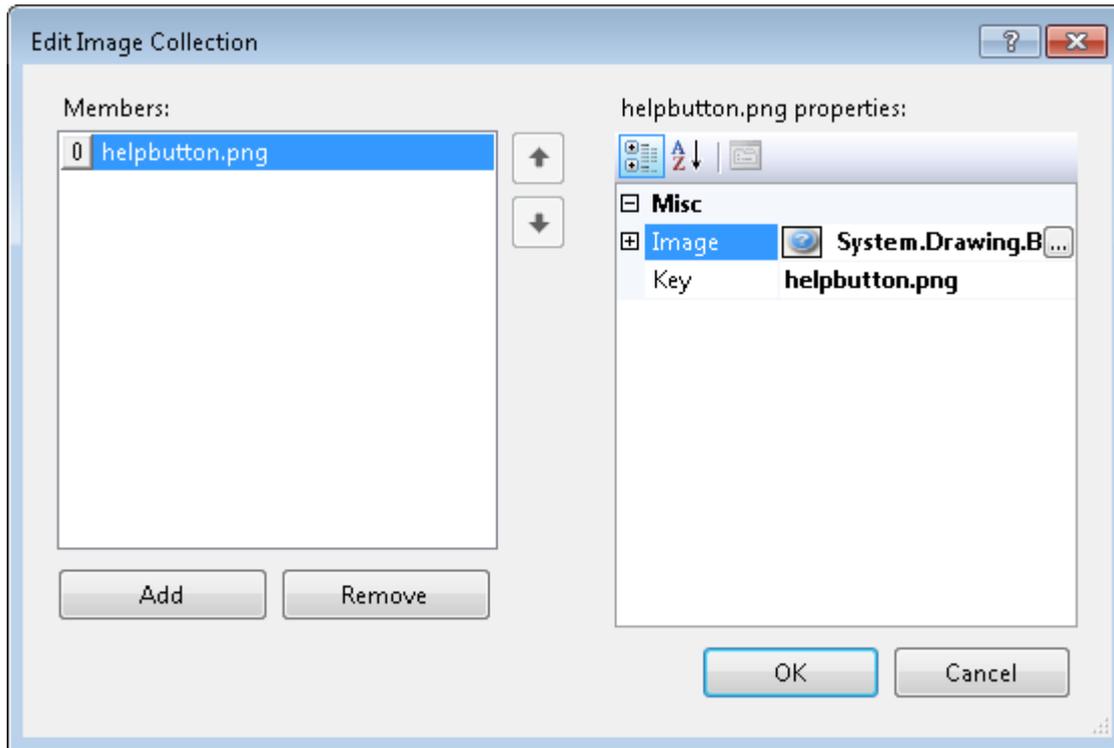
Accessing the Edit Image Collection editor from C1SuperTooltip

To open the **Edit Image Collection** editor select the [C1SuperTooltip](#) control and click the **ellipsis** button next to the [Images](#) property in the Properties window. The **Edit Image Collection** editor appears.

Accessing the Edit Image Collection editor from C1SuperLabel

To open the **Edit Image Collection** editor select the [C1SuperLabel](#) control and click the **ellipsis** button next to the [Images](#) property in the Properties window. The **Edit Image Collection** editor appears.

In the left pane of the **Edit Image Collection** editor you can see what image members have been added and can add and remove images from the collection. In the right pane you can view and change each image's properties, as in the image below.



Adding an image to **C1SuperTooltip** controls is easy; for more information see [Adding an Image to C1SuperTooltip](#) and [Adding an Image to C1SuperLabel](#).

C1SuperTooltip Elements

This section provides a visual and descriptive overview of the elements that comprise the [C1SuperTooltip](#) and [C1SuperLabel](#) controls.

ToolTip Elements

The [C1SuperTooltip](#) control consists of several elements that can be modified through the **Office** tab of the **C1SuperTooltip Editor**. For more information about the **C1SuperTooltip Editor** and these elements, please see the [Office tab](#) topic.

 **Note:** If you choose to add HTML code directly to the C1SuperTooltip or add a C1SuperTooltip programmatically, elements will not be automatically added and must be formatted manually through the HTML code (for example adding a separator by adding the `<hr>` horizontal rule tag).



Title

This is the text that appears at the top of the Tooltip; you can add HTML code to customize the appearance of the title text.

Image

This is the image that appears to the left of the Title. You can add an image through the **C1SuperTooltip Editor** or you can add an image to the collection by using the **Edit Image Collection Editor**.

Top Separator

The top separator is a horizontal rule that appears between the Tooltip's title and the body text. You can add a top separator through the **Office** tab of the **C1SuperTooltip Editor** or you can add a horizontal rule to the HTML code by using the `<hr>` tag.

Body Text

The body text is the main content of the Tooltip; you can add HTML to customize the appearance of the body text.

Bottom Separator

The bottom separator is a horizontal rule that appears between the Tooltip's body text and subtitle. You can add a bottom separator through the **Office** tab of the **C1SuperTooltip Editor** or you can add a horizontal rule to the HTML code by using the `<hr>` tag.

Subtitle

This is text that appears below the Tooltip's body text; you can add HTML code to customize the appearance of the subtitle text.

Subimage

This is the image that appears to the left of the subimage. You can add an image through the **C1SuperTooltip Editor** or you can add an image to the collection by using the **Edit Image Collection Editor**.

For more information about creating a Tooltip using the **Office** tab, see the [Creating C1SuperTooltips at Design Time](#) topic.

Label Elements

The **C1SuperLabel** control consists of a main body in which HTML content can be added. In the following example, a table was added to the label using HTML. For more information, see the [Creating C1SuperLabels](#) topic.

Products	Semester 1					
	Quarter 1			Quarter 2		
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
Widgets	122	131	64	156	273	34
Sprockets	95	72	53	23	34	77

You can also quickly add and preview content using the **C1SuperLabel Editor**. For more information about the editor, see the [C1SuperLabel Editor](#) topic.

ErrorProvider Elements

The **C1SuperErrorProvider** control consists of an icon image, along with any formatted HTML text you want to include to indicate an error.



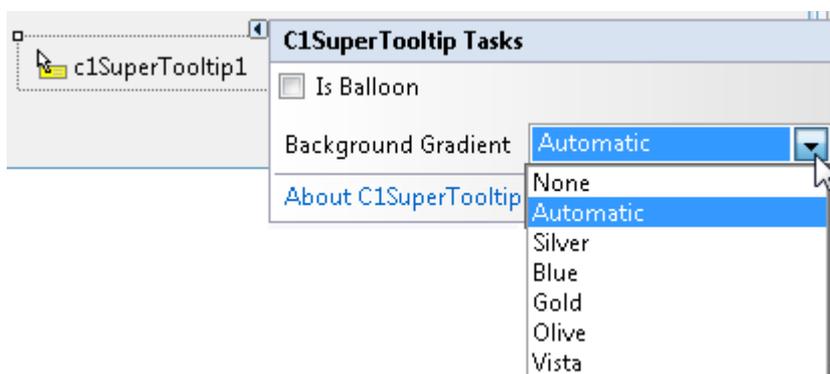
For more information on providing error messages, see the [Creating C1SuperErrorProvider Error Messages](#) topic.

C1SuperTooltip Appearance

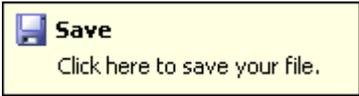
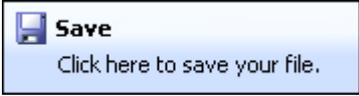
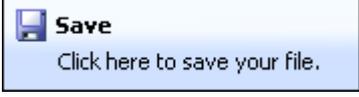
This section provides a visual and descriptive overview of the settings available to customize the appearance of the **SuperTooltip for WinForms** controls.

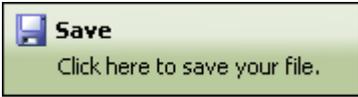
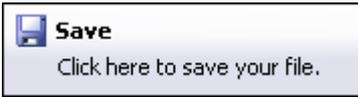
C1SuperTooltip Background Gradient

You can customize the appearance of the **C1SuperTooltip** quickly and easily by changing the **BackgroundGradient** property. You can access the **BackgroundGradient** property at design time through the Properties window or by selecting the **Background Gradient** drop-down box from the **C1SuperTooltip Tasks** menu. By default the **BackgroundGradient** property is set to **Automatic**.



The following background gradients are available for **C1SuperTooltip**:

Background Gradient	Preview
None	
Automatic	
Silver	
Blue	
Gold	

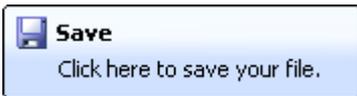
	
Olive	
Vista	

C1SuperTooltip Shape

By using the [IsBalloon](#) and [RoundedCorners](#) properties you can customize the appearance of the [C1SuperTooltip](#).

You can access the [IsBalloon](#) and [RoundedCorners](#) properties through the Properties window. You can also access the [IsBalloon](#) property through the **C1SuperTooltip Tasks** menu.

The following shape settings are available for **C1SuperTooltip**:

Shape Settings	Preview
IsBalloon = False RoundedCorners = False	
IsBalloon = False RoundedCorners = True	
IsBalloon = True RoundedCorners = False	

If both the [IsBalloon](#) and [RoundedCorners](#) properties are set to **False** (default), the Tooltip appears as a rectangle. If [RoundedCorners](#) is set to **True**, the Tooltip appears as a rounded rectangle. If [IsBalloon](#) is set to **True**, the Tooltip appears in a balloon shape.

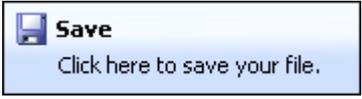
C1SuperTooltip Shadow

By setting the [Shadow](#) property you can determine whether a shadow will appear below a **C1SuperTooltip**. By default the [Shadow](#) property is set to **True**.

You can access the [Shadow](#) property through the Properties window.

The following shadow settings are available for **C1SuperTooltip**:



Shape Settings	Preview
Shadow = True	 A tooltip box with a blue gradient background and a drop shadow. It contains a small save icon, the word "Save", and the text "Click here to save your file." The tooltip is positioned over a rectangular area.
Shadow = False	 A tooltip box with a blue gradient background and no drop shadow. It contains a small save icon, the word "Save", and the text "Click here to save your file." The tooltip is positioned over a rectangular area.

SuperTooltip for WinForms Samples

Please be advised that this ComponentOne software tool is accompanied by various sample projects and/or demos which may make use of other development tools included with the ComponentOne Studio.

Please refer to the pre-installed product samples through the following path:

Documents\ComponentOne Samples\WinForms

The following tables provide a short description for each sample.

Visual Basic and C# Samples

SuperTooltip for WinForms includes the following Visual Basic and C# samples:

Sample	Description
SuperErrorProvider	This sample shows how to use the C1SuperErrorProvider component with data sources and individual controls.
SuperLabels	Demonstrates the different items that can be place within C1SuperLabel controls, such as lists, tables, preformatted text and images. This sample uses the C1SuperLabel control.
SuperTooltips	Demonstrates the different items that can be placed within C1SuperTooltip controls, such as lists, tables, preformatted text and images. This sample uses the C1SuperTooltip control.
GridTips	Demonstrates two methods that can be used to show a C1SuperTooltip control on demand. This sample uses the C1SuperTooltip and C1FlexGrid controls.
ShowTooltips	Demonstrates the Show() and Hide() methods in the standard ToolTip and C1SuperTooltip controls. This sample uses the C1SuperTooltip control.
TextDrivenSuperTooltip (C# only)	Shows how you can load SuperTooltips from an XML file at run time.
ThumbnailTips	Demonstrates how to build ToolTips with dynamically generated thumbnail images. This sample uses the C1Chart , C1FlexGrid , and C1SuperTooltip controls.

SuperTooltip for WinForms Task-Based Help

The task-based help assumes that you are familiar with programming in Visual Studio, and know how to use bound and unbound controls in general. If you are a novice to the **SuperTooltip for WinForms** product, please see the [SuperTooltip for WinForms Quick Start](#) first.

Each topic provides a solution for specific tasks using the **SuperTooltip for WinForms** product. By following the steps outlined in the help, you will be able to create projects demonstrating a variety of **SuperTooltip for WinForms** features.

Each task-based help topic also assumes that you have created a new .NET project.

Creating C1SuperTooltips

The following topics explain how to create **C1SuperTooltips** at design time using the **C1SuperTooltip Editor**, in code, by using cascading style sheets, and using HTML, as well as how to add multiple ToolTips, adjust **C1SuperTooltip** appearance and behavior settings, and add images to ToolTips.

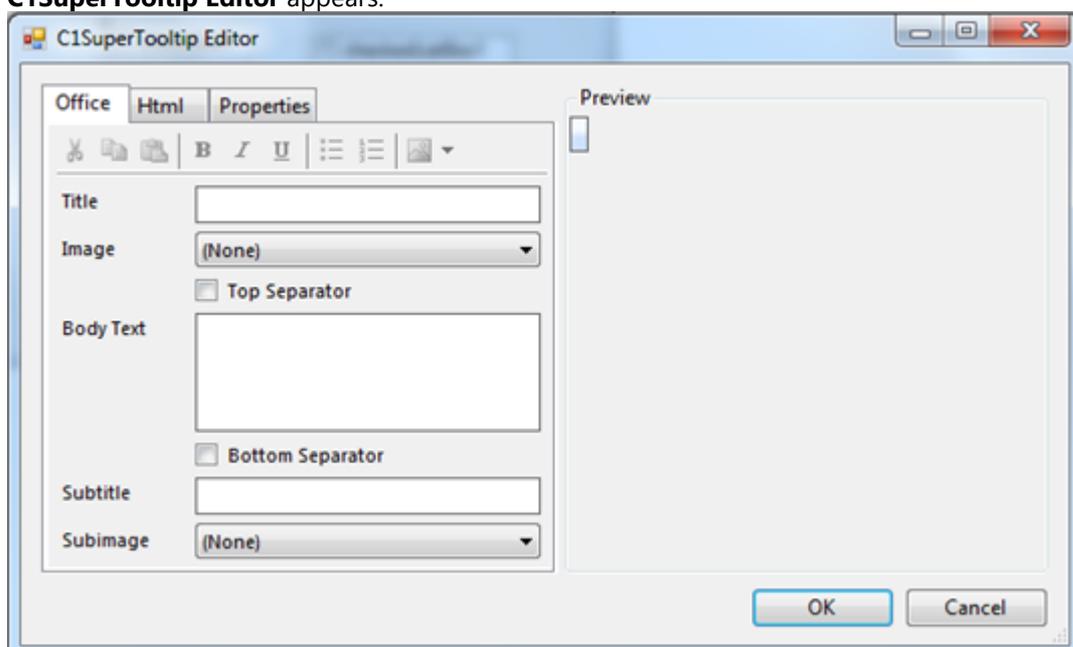
Creating C1SuperTooltips at Design Time

[C1SuperTooltip](#) provides a design-time editor, **C1SuperTooltip Editor**, to simplify the process of creating ToolTips in your applications. The following topic will show you how to create ToolTips and change their appearance and behavior using this editor. A Tooltip is used to display helpful information when a mouse hovers over an item in an application. Usually ToolTips contain only plain text. Using C1SuperTooltip, you can display HTML content, including images, tables, and numbered, bulleted, or nested lists.

You can associate C1SuperTooltip with any System.Windows.Forms control or System.Windows.Forms.ToolTip.

To add a C1SuperTooltip to your application:

1. Double-click the C1SuperTooltip component in the Toolbox to add it to your form.
2. Select the control you would like associated with the C1SuperTooltip.
3. In the Properties window, click the **ellipsis** button next to the **Tooltip on C1SuperTooltip1** property. The **C1SuperTooltip Editor** appears.



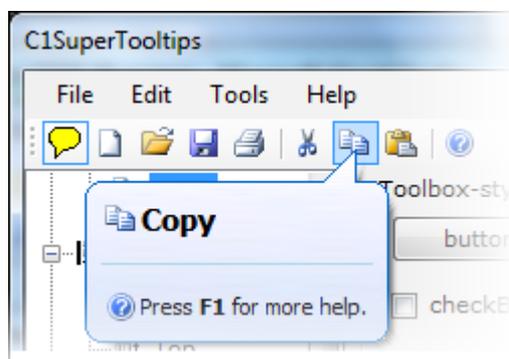
At design time, there are two ways you can create the content of your Tooltip: either using the **Office** tab or using **Html** tab to manually enter your own HTML code. In this example, we will use the **Office** tab, but click the **Html** tab and enter your code there, if desired. When you use the **Office** tab, **C1SuperTooltip** automatically creates the HTML code behind the Tooltip for you.

4. To set up your Tooltip:
 1. Enter a title for the Tooltip in the **Title** field. The title will appear to the right of the image, if any.
 2. Click the drop-down arrow next to the **Image** property to find and select an image to appear next to the Tooltip title.
 3. Check the **Top Separator** checkbox if you want a divider line to appear after the title text, separating the title from the body text of the Tooltip.
 4. Enter the text for the C1SuperTooltip in the **Body Text** field.
 5. Check the **Bottom Separator** check box if you want a divider line to appear after the body text of the Tooltip, separating it from the subtitle.
 6. Enter a subtitle for the Tooltip in the Subtitle field. The subtitle will appear to the right of the subimage, if any.
 7. Click the drop-down arrow next to the **Subimage** property to find and select an image to appear next to the subtitle.

A preview of the Tooltip appears in the **Preview** window.

5. Select the **Properties** tab and set the desired properties for **C1SuperTooltip1**. You can do things such as: change Tooltip text and background color, add a background image, or modify how long and how quickly a Tooltip window is displayed. For a complete list of properties, see [C1SuperTooltip Properties](#).

When you run the application and mouse over the control associated with a C1SuperTooltip, the Tooltip appears.



Creating a C1SuperTooltip Programmatically

The following topic explains how to create **C1SuperTooltips** in code. You can specify the [C1SuperTooltip](#) text and associate it with a control using the [SetTooltip](#) method.

In the [SetTooltip](#) method, specify the control or **Windows.Forms.ToolStripItem** to associate with the Tooltip first, and then add the string, or the HTML code used to create the Tooltip text.

The code for the [SetTooltip](#) method looks like this:

```
C1SuperTooltip1.SetTooltip(Control, String)
```

or

```
C1SuperTooltip1.SetTooltip(ToolStripItem, String)
```

 **Note:** In the following examples an embedded resource containing an image is used. To embed a resource, select **Project | YourProjectName Properties**. Select **Add Resource** and choose to add an existing file, *NewDoc.png* in this example, or add a new one. Then, in the Solution Explorer, select the resource file and set **Build Action** to **Embedded Resource** in the Properties window.

To create a C1SuperTooltip for a control programmatically:

1. Add a C1SuperTooltip control and the control to associate it with to your form. In this example, we will use a Button1 control.
2. Add the following code to the **Form_Load** event. This code uses an embedded resource that contains an image, *NewDoc.png*, but any image can be used.

To write code in Visual Basic

Visual Basic

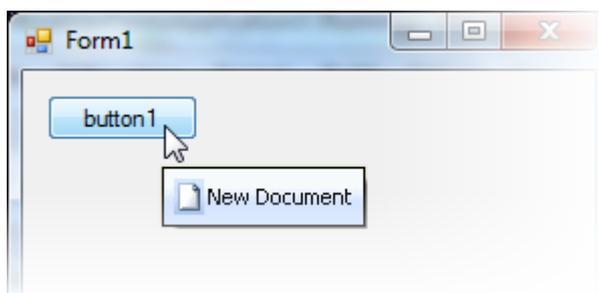
```
C1SuperTooltip1.SetToolTip(Button1, "<table><tr>" + _  
"<td><img src='NewDoc.png'></td>" + _  
"<th>New Document</th>" + "</tr></table>")
```

To write code in C#

C#

```
c1SuperTooltip1.SetToolTip(button1, "<table><tr>" +  
"<td><img src='NewDoc.png'></td>" +  
"<th>New Document</th>" + "</tr></table>");
```

3. Run your project. The code creates a C1SuperTooltip like the following.



To create a C1SuperTooltip for a ToolStripItem programmatically:

1. Add a C1SuperTooltip control and a **System.Windows.ToolStrip** control to your form. In this example, we have added buttons to the **ToolStrip**.
2. Add the following code to the **Form_Load** event. This code uses an embedded resource that contains an image, *NewDoc.png*, but any image can be used.

To write code in Visual Basic

Visual Basic

```
' hide the default ToolTip so only the C1SuperTooltip is visible  
ToolStripButton1.AutoToolTip = False  
C1SuperTooltip1.SetToolTip(ToolStripButton1, "<table><tr>" + _
```

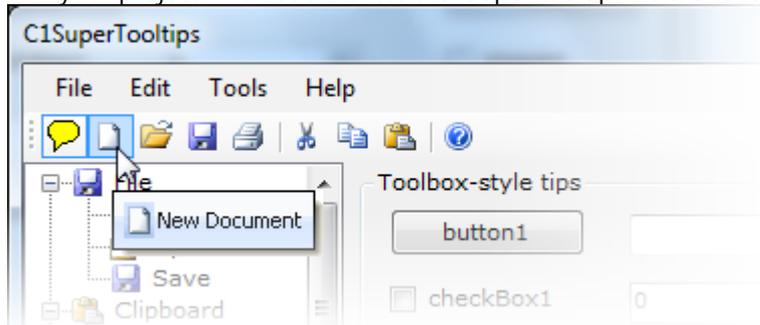
```
"<td><img src='NewDoc.png'></td>" + _
"<th>New Document</th>" + "</tr></table>")
```

To write code in C#

C#

```
// hide the default Tooltip so only the C1SuperTooltip is visible
toolStripButton1.AutoToolTip = false;
c1SuperTooltip1.SetToolTip(toolStripButton1, "<table><tr>" +
"<td><img src='NewDoc.png'></td>" +
"<th>New Document</th>" + "</tr></table>");
```

- Run your project. The code creates a C1SuperTooltip like the following:



For more information, see the `SetToolTip` method.

Creating a C1SuperTooltip using a Cascading Style Sheet

The following topic explains how to apply a cascading style sheet to your ToolTips for complete control over how and where they appear within your application. **SuperTooltip for WinForms** supports most HTML features, including cascading style sheets, which offer you greater control over how and where ToolTips appear in your applications. Simply create a cascading style sheet within your code, create your Tooltip, and apply the style sheet styles to the Tooltip.

In the following example, we will create a Microsoft Vista-style Tooltip identical to the one created using the **C1SuperTooltip Editor** in the [Creating C1SuperTooltips at Design Time](#) topic, only this Tooltip will be created in code and use a cascading style sheet. The code in the following steps was placed within the **Form_Load** event.

- Create the cascading style sheet.

To write code in Visual Basic

Visual Basic

```
Dim myCSS As String
```

```
'create the cascading style sheet
```

```
myCSS = "<style type='text/css'>" + _
".header{font-family: tahoma; font-weight: bold; margin-left: 2px; vertical-align:middle}" + _
".body{font-family: tahoma; margin-left: 8px}" + _
"img{vertical-align: middle}" + _
"td{vertical-align:middle}" + _
"p{border-bottom: medium solid #999999; border-bottom-width:1px}" + _
"</style>"
```

To write code in C#

```
C#  
string myCSS;  
  
//create the cascading style sheet  
myCSS = "<style type='text/css'>" +  
".header{font-family: tahoma; font-weight: bold; margin-left: 2px; vertical-align:middle}" +  
".body{font-family: tahoma; margin-left: 8px}" +  
"img{vertical-align: middle}" +  
"td{vertical-align:middle}" +  
"p{border-bottom: medium solid #999999; border-bottom-width:1px}" +  
"</style>";
```

2. Create the header and body text of the Tooltip, and apply styles from the cascading style sheet.

To write code in Visual Basic

```
Visual Basic  
Dim TipBuilder, TipBody, TipHeader As String  
  
' create the header, or title, of the Tooltip  
TipHeader = "<div class='header'>" + "Copy" + "</div>"  
'create the body text of the Tooltip  
TipBody = "<table width=160px>" + _  
"<tr>" + _  
"<td>" + _  
"<div class='body'>" + "Copy the selection and put" +  
"it<br>on the Clipboard." + "</div>" + _  
"</td>" + _  
"</tr>" + _  
"</table>" + _  
"<p></p>" + _  
"<table cellpadding=0>" + _  
"<tr>" + _  
"<td>" + _  
"<img src='HelpButton.png'>" + _  
"</td>" + _  
"<td>" + _  
"<div class='header'>" + _  
"Press F1 for help." + _  
"</div>" + _  
"</tr>" + _  
"</table>"
```

To write code in C#

```
C#  
string TipBuilder, TipBody, TipHeader;  
  
// create the header, or title, of the Tooltip
```

```
TipHeader = "<div class='header'>" + "Copy" + "</div>";
//create the body text of the Tooltip
TipBody = "<table width=160px>" +
"<tr>" +
"<td>" +
"<div class='body'>" + "Copy the selection and put" +
"it<br>on the Clipboard." + "</div>" +
"</td>" +
"</tr>" +
"</table>" +
"<p></p>" +
"<table cellpadding=0>" +
"<tr>" +
"<td>" +
"<img src='HelpButton.png'>" +
"</td>" +
"<td>" +
"<div class='header'>" +
"Press F1 for help." +
"</div>" +
"</tr>" +
"</table>";
```

 **Note:** In this example an embedded resource containing an image is used. To embed a resource, select **Project | YourProjectName Properties**. Select **Add Resource** and choose to add an existing file, *HelpButton.png* in this example, or add a new one. Then, in the Solution Explorer, select the resource file and set **Build Action** to **Embedded Resource** in the Properties window.

- Combine the separate parts of the Tooltip, and apply the cascading style sheet.

To write code in Visual Basic

Visual Basic

```
' Combine the Tooltip header and body, and apply the cascading style sheet.
TipBuilder = myCSS + TipHeader + TipBody
```

To write code in C#

C#

```
// Combine the Tooltip header and body, and apply the cascading style sheet.
TipBuilder = myCSS + TipHeader + TipBody;
```

- Add the Vista formatting and associate the Tooltip with the button control.

To write code in Visual Basic

Visual Basic

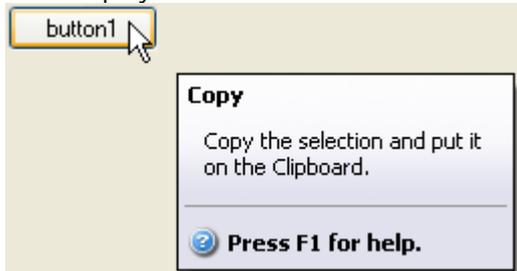
```
' apply the Vista background gradient and associate the Tooltip with Button1
C1SuperTooltip1.BackgroundGradient = C1.Win.C1SuperTooltip.BackgroundGradient.Vista
C1SuperTooltip1.SetToolTip(Button1, TipBuilder)
```

To write code in C#

C#

```
// apply the Vista background gradient and associate the Tooltip with Button1
c1SuperTooltip1.BackgroundImage = C1.Win.C1SuperTooltip.BackgroundImage.Vista;
c1SuperTooltip1.SetToolTip(button1, TipBuilder);
```

5. Run the project and mouse over the button associated with **C1SuperTooltip1**. The Vista-style Tooltip appears.



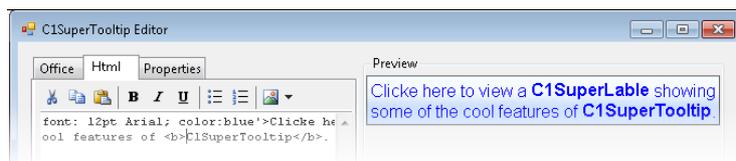
Adding a C1SuperTooltip using HTML

If you choose to create a Tooltip by using all of your own HTML code, you can enter it on the **Html** tab of the **C1SuperTooltip Editor**.

To add a **C1SuperTooltip** using HTML, complete the following steps:

1. In your project, select the control for which you are creating a **C1SuperTooltip**.
2. In the Properties window, click the **ellipsis** button next to the **Tooltip on C1SuperTooltip1** property for the control to open the **C1SuperTooltip Editor**.
3. Select the **Html** tab.
4. Enter the following HTML code in the **Html** text box:
`Click here to view a C1SuperLabel showing
 some of the cool features of C1SuperTooltip.`

A preview of the C1SuperTooltip appears in the **Preview** window.



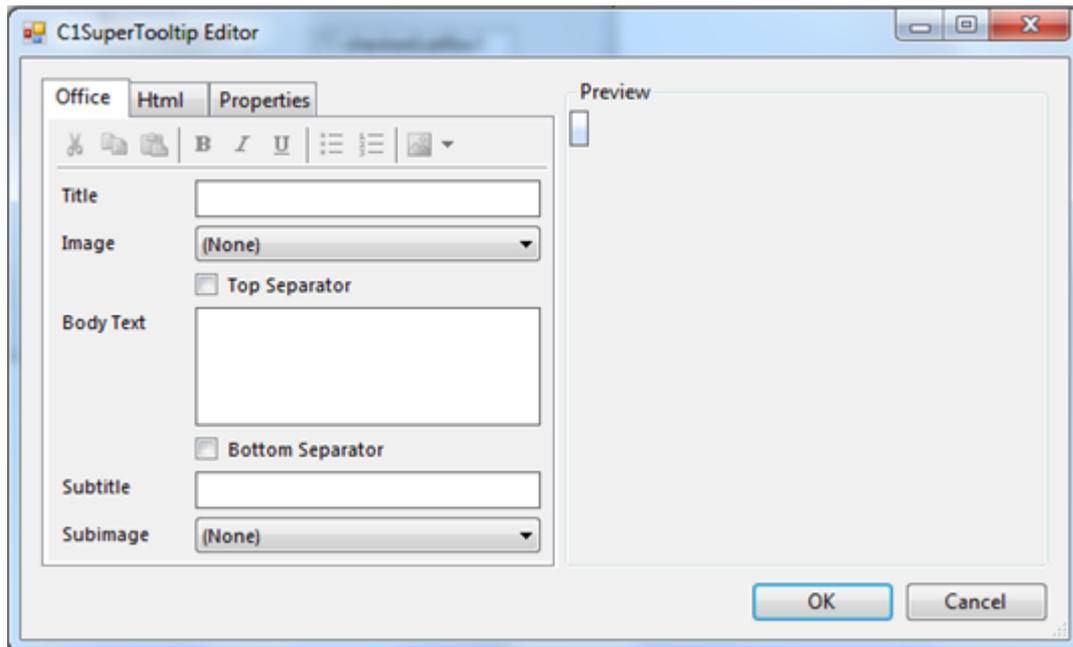
5. Click the **Properties** tab. Notice the **ForeColor** property is set to **InfoText** and the **Font** property is set to **Tahoma, 8pt**, by default, but the preview of the Tooltip shows the forecolor as blue and the font as Arial, 12pt. This is because when **** tags are used to format the text in your HTML code, they cannot be overwritten by the properties specified in the **Properties** tab of the editor.
6. Click **OK** to close the editor.

Adding Multiple C1SuperTooltips

You can also add multiple ToolTips to a project. You may want to do this if you are not formatting the ToolTips with your own HTML code and you want the appearance properties of the ToolTips to be different. You could also do this when you want the behavior properties of the ToolTips to be different, regardless of how you created them.

When you add more than one Tooltip, make sure you specify the correct Tooltip for the control with which you want it to be associated. If you specify multiple ToolTips for one control, all specified ToolTips appear when you run the project and mouse over the control.

1. Suppose you have a project with two buttons on the form. Add two **C1SuperTooltip** controls.
2. Select **Button1** and click the **ellipsis** button next to the **Tooltip on C1SuperTooltip1** property in the Properties window. The **C1SuperTooltip Editor** appears.



3. Create your ToolTip using the **Office** tab or by adding HTML code on the **Html** tab.
4. Set some of the properties on the **Properties** tab and click **OK**.
5. Select **Button2** and click the **ellipsis** button next to the **ToolTip on C1SuperTooltip2** property in the Properties window.
6. In the **C1SuperTooltip Editor**, create the second ToolTip and click the **Properties** tab.
7. Set some properties using different values than you used for **C1SuperTooltip1**.
8. Click **OK** to close the editor. The **ToolTip on C1SuperTooltip1** property will remain empty for **Button2**.
9. Run the project and mouse over each button. Notice how the **C1SuperTooltip1** appears when you mouse over **Button1**, and **C1SuperTooltip2** appears when you mouse over **Button2**. The styles and behaviors will be different, depending on the settings you used.

Changing the C1SuperTooltip Appearance and Behavior Settings

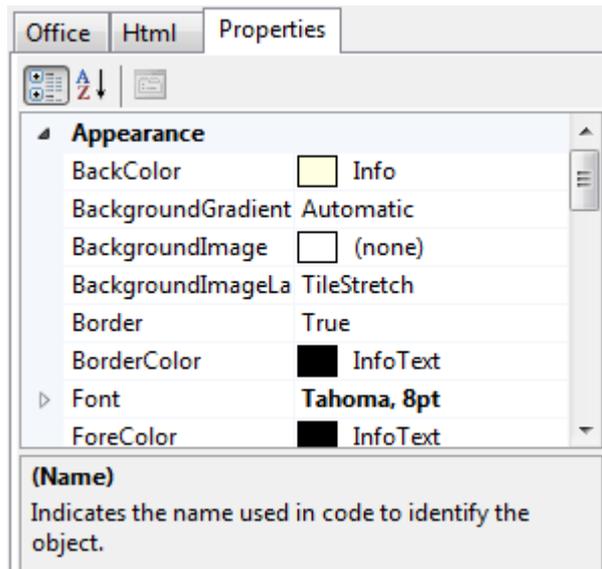
You can change the appearance and behavior settings of your ToolTips two different ways: using the **C1SuperTooltip Editor** or using the **C1SuperTooltip** control, through its smart tag and the Properties window.

Changing the settings in the C1SuperTooltip Editor

In the **C1SuperTooltip Editor**, you can use the **Office** tab to add images, a title, a subtitle, and the body text of the ToolTip. C1SuperTooltip automatically creates all of the HTML code behind the ToolTip, saving you time and work. You can create the same ToolTip by entering all of your own HTML code on the **Html** tab of the editor if you choose not to have the editor do it for you. When using these two tabs, the changes you make and the settings you specify are applied only to the ToolTip for the control you have selected in your form.

The **Properties** tab, however, allows you to change the overall appearance and behavior of the ToolTip, which will be applied to all controls associated with it.

1. In your project, select the control for which you are creating a C1SuperTooltip.
2. In the Properties window, click the **ellipsis** button next to the **ToolTip on C1SuperTooltip1** property for the control to open the **C1SuperTooltip Editor**.
3. Select the **Properties** tab.



4. Set the following properties:
 - Click the drop-down arrow next to the [BackColor](#) property, select the **Web** tab, and choose a color.
 - Set the [BackgroundGradient](#) property to **None**. The background color will not appear if this property is set to a value other than **None**.
 - Click the drop-down arrow next to the [ForeColor](#) property, select the **Web** tab, and choose a color.
 - Set the [Shadow](#) property to **False**.
 - Set the [Border](#) property to **False**.
 - Expand the [Font](#) property node and set the **Size** to **14**.
5. To change the amount of time, in milliseconds, the Tooltip remains visible when the mouse hovers over each button, set the [AutoPopDelay](#) property to **1000**.
6. Run the project and mouse over the control with the associated Tooltip. The Tooltip will appear something like the following image, depending on the settings you used.

Click here to view a **C1SuperLabel** showing some of the cool features of **C1SuperTooltip**.

Changing the settings using the C1SuperTooltip Control

You can use the C1SuperTooltip smart tag to determine the background gradient for the Tooltip and whether it appears within a balloon shape or a rectangular box. For more information, see [C1SuperTooltip Tasks and Context Menus](#).

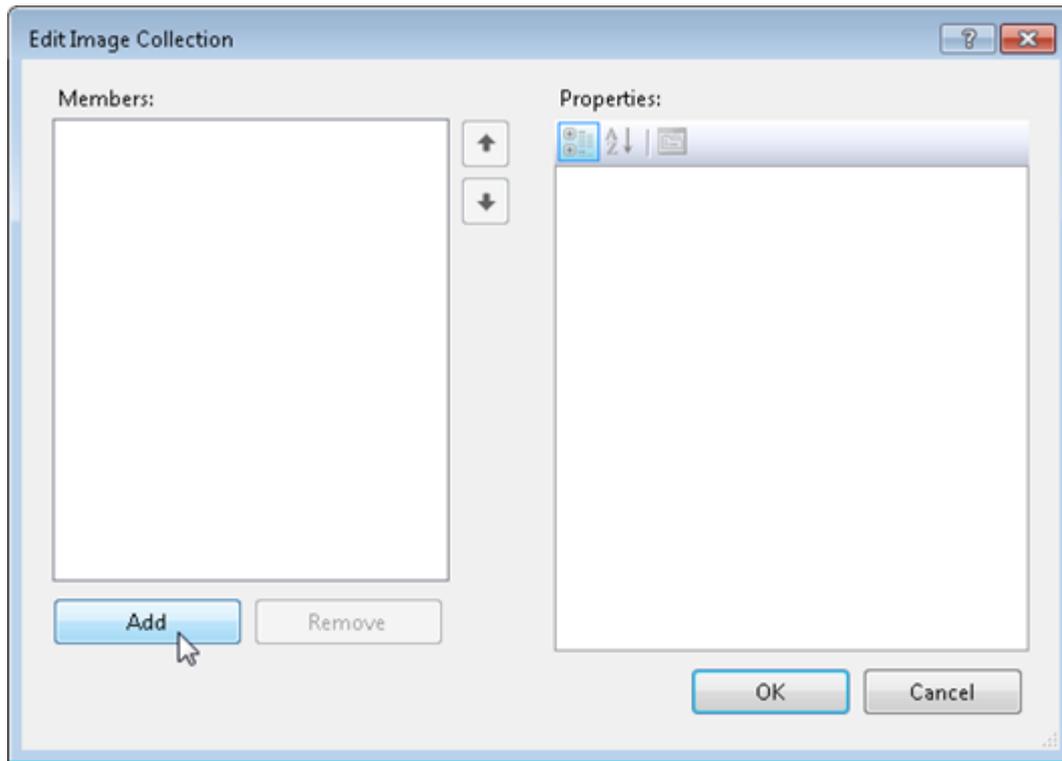
You can use the Visual Studio Properties window to change all of the C1SuperTooltip properties. This is the same list of properties you will find on the **Properties** tab of the **C1SuperTooltip Editor**.

1. Right-click the C1SuperTooltip control and select **Properties** to access the Properties window.
2. Set the desired properties.

Adding an Image to C1SuperTooltip

SuperTooltip for WinForms supports adding images, including animated images, at design time. First, add the image to the C1SuperTooltip Image collection, and then specify the image in the **C1SuperTooltip Editor**.

1. Add a [C1SuperTooltip](#) control to your form.
2. Select the C1SuperTooltip control and click the **ellipsis** button next to the [Images](#) property in the Properties window. The **Edit Image Collection** editor appears.



3. Click the **Add** button and browse to find the image you want to use.
4. Select the image and click **Open**. The image is added to the Tooltip's image collection.
5. Click **OK** to close the **Edit Image Collection** editor.
6. Select the control being associated with the C1SuperTooltip.
7. Click the **ellipsis** button next to the **Tooltip on C1SuperTooltip1** property.

The image you added to the Tooltip's image collection can be selected from the **Image** or **Subimage** drop-down list on the **Office** tab. If you are using your own HTML code, click the **Html** tab and reference the image in your code like this:

```
<img src= "res://mybitmap.png" />
```

Creating C1SuperLabels

The following topics explain how to create **C1SuperLabels** at design time using the **C1SuperLabel Editor** and programmatically in code, as well as how to add images labels.

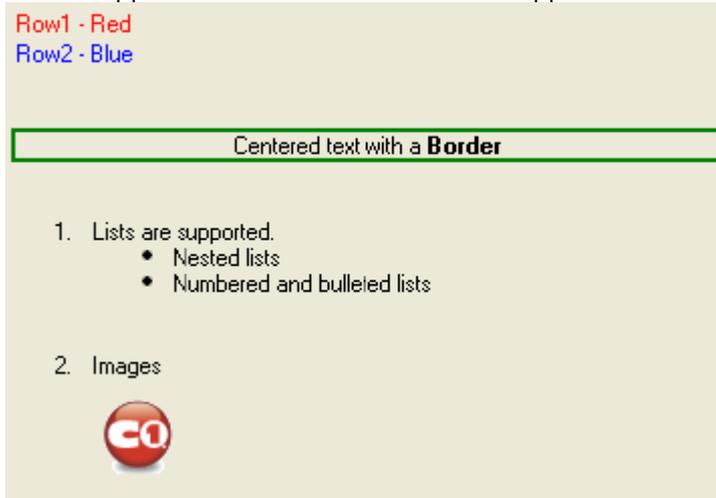
Creating C1SuperLabels at Design Time

SuperTooltip for WinForms provides a design-time editor, the **C1SuperLabel Editor**, to simplify the process of creating labels in your applications. This topic will show you how to create labels and change their appearance and behavior using this editor. The **C1SuperLabel** component is very similar to the **Label** control, except it can display HTML content instead of just plain text. You can display an HTML page including tables, images, lists or preformatted text, for example, right within the label.

To add C1SuperLabel to your application:

1. Double-click the C1SuperLabel component in the Toolbox to add it to your form.
2. Click the **ellipsis** button next to the **Text** property. The **C1SuperLabel Editor** appears.

3. Enter your HTML code.
4. Run the application and the rendered HTML appears within the C1SuperLabel.



Creating a C1SuperLabel Programmatically

You can specify the [C1SuperLabel](#) text and associate it with a control using the [Text](#) property. All you need to do is add the text as a string. You can add plain text or HTML code.

To create a C1SuperLabel programmatically:

1. Add a C1SuperLabel to your form.
2. Add the following code to the **Form_Load** event. It adds a table containing two rows with two graphics and some text in the label:

To write code in Visual Basic

Visual Basic

```
'add two rows to the C1SuperLabel
C1SuperLabel1.Text = _
"<table>" + _
"<tr>" + _
"<td><img src='search.png'>" + _
"<td>This is the second cell in the top row" + _
"<tr>" + _
"<td><img src='up.png'>" + _
"<td>This is the second cell in the bottom row." + _
"</table>"
' automatically resize the label to show all contents
C1SuperLabel1.AutoSize = True
```

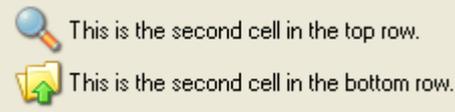
To write code in C#

C#

```
// add two rows to the C1SuperLabel
c1SuperLabel1.Text =
"<table>" +
"<tr>" +
```

```
"<td><img src='search.png'>" +  
"<td>This is the second cell in the top row" +  
"<tr>" +  
"<td><img src='up.png'>" +  
"<td>This is the second cell in the bottom row." +  
"</table>";  
  
// automatically resize the label to show all contents  
c1SuperLabel1.AutoSize = true;
```

3. Run your project. The code creates a C1SuperLabel like the following:



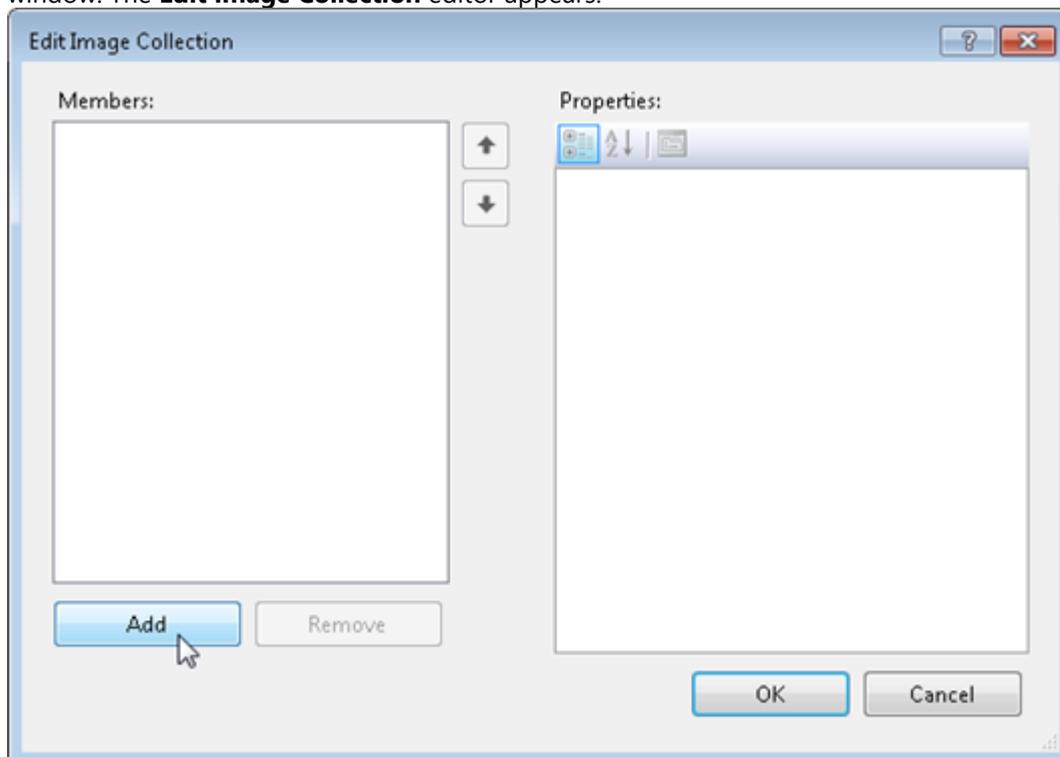
Note: In this example embedded resources containing images are used: *search.png* and *up.png*. To embed a resource, select **Project | YourProjectName Properties**. Select **Add Resource** and choose to add an existing file or add a new one. Then, in the Solution Explorer, select the resource file and set **Build Action** to **Embedded Resource** in the Properties window.

For more information, see the Text property.

Adding an Image to C1SuperLabel

SuperTooltip for WinForms supports adding images, including animated images, at design time. First, add the image to the C1SuperTooltip Image collection, and then specify the image in the **C1SuperTooltip Editor**.

1. Add a **C1SuperLabel** control to your form.
2. Select the C1SuperLabel control and click the **ellipsis** button next to the **Images** property in the Properties window. The **Edit Image Collection** editor appears.



3. Click the **Add** button and browse to find the image you want to use.
4. Select the image and click **Open**. The image is added to the ToolTip's image collection.
5. Click **OK** to close the **Edit Image Collection** editor.
6. Click the **ellipsis** button next to the **Text** property.

When you enter your HTML code, the image you added to the label's image collection can be referenced in the code like this:

```
<img src= "res://mybitmap.png" />
```

Creating C1SuperErrorProvider Error Messages

The following topics explain how to create an error message, change the error message icon, use the [C1SuperErrorProvider](#) control with a data source, and more.

Creating an Error Message

You can create an HTML formatted error message to pop up for a control. In this example, we'll add an error message for a text box named **txtCountry**.

1. Add a [C1SuperErrorProvider](#) control to your form. A [C1SuperTooltip](#) is automatically added to the form and connected with the [C1SuperErrorProvider](#) control.
2. Select **Code** in the Visual Studio **View** menu.
3. Add the following code to the **Form_Load** event:

To write code in Visual Basic

Visual Basic

```
C1SuperErrorProvider1.SetError(txtCountry,  
"<b>Invalid Country</b><br/>" & "  
<p>The <b>Country</b> field is required. We need it in order to ship the product.</p>")
```

To write code in C#

C#

```
c1SuperErrorProvider1.SetError(txtCountry,  
"<b>Invalid Country</b><br/>" +  
"<p>The <b>Country</b> field is required. We need it in order to ship the product.</p>");
```

When you run the project and mouse over the error message icon, the error message looks like the following example:



Changing the Error Message Icon

When you create an error message with [C1SuperErrorProvider](#), a default warning icon is used . You can change this to any icon file you like using the [Icon](#) property. Assuming you have a [C1SuperErrorProvider](#) control on your form, follow these steps to change the error message icon:

1. Right-click the [C1SuperErrorProvider](#) control and select **Properties** to open the Visual Studio Properties window.
2. Click the **ellipsis** button next to the [Icon](#) property.
3. Choose an icon file (*.ico) and click **Open**.

When you run your project, notice the new icon image used for the error message.



Changing the Error Message Blink Style

When you create an error message with [C1SuperErrorProvider](#), by default, the error message icon blinks. You have the option of making it blink sometimes, always, or never. It stops blinking when you click on it. To specify the blink style, follow these steps:

1. Add a [C1SuperErrorProvider](#) control to your form.
2. Click the [C1SuperErrorProvider](#) smart tag to open the **Tasks** menu.
3. Click the drop-down arrow next to the [BlinkStyle](#) property and select **BlinkIfDifferentError**, **AlwaysBlink**, or **NeverBlink**.

Showing an Image when the Error Icon is Hovered

You can use the [ImageHot](#) property to provide feedback in the form of an image when the mouse pointer hovers over the error icon.

To show an image when the error icon is hovered, follow these steps:

1. Add a [C1SuperErrorProvider](#) control to your form. A [C1SuperTooltip](#) is automatically added to the form and connected with the [C1SuperErrorProvider](#) control.
2. Select **Code** in the Visual Studio **View** menu.
3. Add the following code to the **Form_Load** event:

To write code in Visual Basic

Visual Basic

```
C1SuperErrorProvider1.ImageHot =  
System.Drawing.Image.FromFile("c:\\MyFiles\\Level1Warning.bmp")
```

To write code in C#

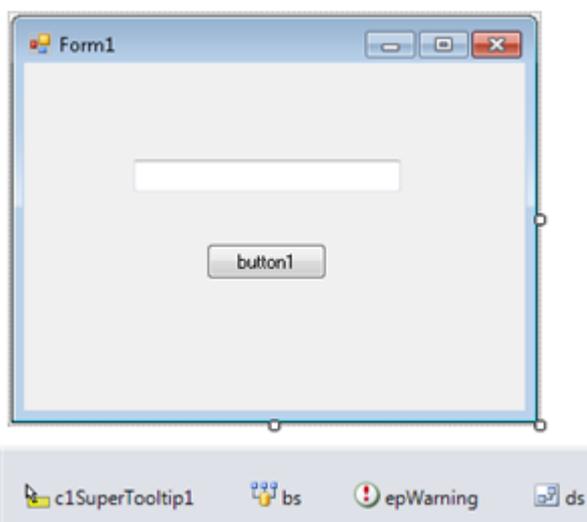
C#

```
c1SuperErrorProvider1.ImageHot =
System.Drawing.Image.FromFile("c:\\MyFiles\\Level1Warning.bmp");
```

Using C1SuperErrorProvider with Data Sources

Use the [C1SuperErrorProvider](#) control with a data source to indicate an error to users. The C1SuperErrorProvider must be associated with a [C1SuperTooltip](#) in order to appear, although the tooltip can be blank. When you add a C1SuperErrorProvider control to your form, a C1SuperTooltip is automatically added and connected with it.

This topic assumes you have a button, text box, and data source on your form, similar to the following image:



1. Add a C1SuperErrorProvider control to your form.
2. Click the C1SuperErrorProvider smart tag to open the **Tasks** menu.
3. Click the drop-down arrow next to **Choose DataSource** and select the data source on your form.
4. Use the **DataRow.SetColumnError** method to associate an error message with the given data field:

To write code in Visual Basic

Visual Basic

```
Private Sub Button1_Click(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As
System.EventArgs) Handles Button1.Click
    DirectCast(bs.Current, DataRowView).Row.SetColumnError("LastName",
"Here is the warning message!")
End Sub
```

To write code in C#

C#

```
private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    ((DataRowView)bs.Current).Row.SetColumnError("LastName",
    "Here is the warning message!");
}
```

5. Add the necessary code to the **Form_Load** event to bind the text box to the data source. In this example, the text box is bound to an .xml file.

To write code in Visual Basic

Visual Basic

```
Private Sub Form1_Load(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles MyBase.Load
    ds.DataSetName = "AuthorsDataSet"
    ds.ReadXml("../..\authors.xml", System.Data.XmlReadMode.Auto)
    bs.DataMember = "authors"

    TextBox1.DataBindings.Add(New Binding("Text", bs, "LastName"))
End Sub
```

To write code in C#

C#

```
private void Form1_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    ds.DataSetName = "AuthorsDataSet";
    ds.ReadXml(@"..\..\authors.xml", System.Data.XmlReadMode.Auto);
    bs.DataMember = "authors";

    textBox1.DataBindings.Add(new Binding("Text", bs, "LastName"));
}
```

6. Press F5 to run the project and then click the button. The warning icon appears, and if you mouse over it, the message appears.

